

Pupils should

National Curriculum

Projects and Beacons



"Learn. Believe. Achieve."

Resilient, Persistent, Self-Motivated, Creative Risk Takers, Good Citizens, Entrepreneurial

KS1 National Curriculum	KS2 National Curriculum		
should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to sing and play musically with increasing confidence and control. They		
use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes	should develop an understanding of musical composition, organising and manipulating ideas within musical structures and reproducing sounds from aural memory. Pupils should be taught to:		
play tuned and untuned instruments musically	<ul> <li>play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical</li> </ul>		

- instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music
- experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music.
- improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music
- listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory
- use and understand staff and other musical notations
- appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians
- develop an understanding of the history of music.

## Music Curriculum Statement of Intent:

We aim to bring music to life in the classroom through inspiring musical projects that are relevant to our children. Art and culture are integrated into our daily life and learning. Aspirational people from the world of music play a key role within our music curriculum.

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	Exploring media and materials	Being Imaginative	Music of the Week:	Cultural Understanding: Listening and Appreciation
EYFS	Children sing songs, make music and	Children use what they have learnt about	Daily focus on a genre of music or	Listening to music is fundamental to musical understanding. By
	dance, and experiment with ways of	media and materials in original ways,	particular artist's work; learning and	learning to listen critically, pupils will not only expand their
	changing them.	thinking about uses and purposes. They	discussion around instruments, tempo,	musical horizons but also gain a deeper understanding of how
Ш		represent their own ideas, thoughts and	rhythm and arts and culture.	music is constructed and the impact it can have on the listener.
		feelings through music and dance.	·	In order to ensure a broad range of music is listened to, we use
				fluency slides to support discussion about the music.
	Singing Project	Instrument Project	Symbol Project	- Rondo alla Turca by Mozart (classical)
	Provide opportunity for pupils to <b>use</b>	Provide opportunity for pupils <b>to play</b>	Provide opportunity for pupils to <b>simply</b>	- Mars from The Planets by Holst (20 <sup>th</sup> Century)
-	voices expressively	well-known songs on tuned and untuned	notate compositions focusing on duration	- Wild Man by Kate Bush (art pop)
Үеаг	(eg) practising and performing Christmas	percussion focusing on dynamics and	(understanding beats and rests)	- Runaway Blues by Ma Rainey (blues)
>	songs	tempo	(eg) using and drawing pictorial symbol	- Fanfarra by Sergio Mendes/Carlinhos Brown (Samba from Brazil)
		(eg) nursery rhymes on glockenspiels/	notation grids; photos of children	
		xylophones/drums/ body percussion	constructing notation grids	
	Singing Project	Instrument Project	Story Project	- Night Ferry by Anna Clyne (21st Century)
	Provide opportunity for pupils to <b>use</b>	Provide opportunity for pupils <b>to play</b>	Provide opportunity for pupils to explore	- Bolero by Ravel (20th Century)
ır 2	voices percussively through chants	well-known songs on tuned instruments	and compose music using graphical	- Hound Dog by Elvis Presley (Rock n Roll)
Year	and rhymes	focusing on changes in pitch and tempo	notation focusing on differences in	- With a Little Help from My Friends by the Beatles (Pop)
	(eg) rounds, rhymes, syllabic chants	(eg) playground songs	dynamics and tempo	- Baris by Gong Kebyar of Peliatan (Gamelan from Indonesia)
		ocarinas/xylophones/piano/ glockenspiel	(eg) Carnival of the Animals	
ear 3	Musical Theatre Project	Recorders Project	Stripsody Project	- Halleluhah from Messiah by Handel (Baroque)
	Provide opportunity for pupils to <b>use</b>	Provide opportunity for pupils to <b>use and</b>	Provide opportunity for pupils to explore	- Night on a Bare Mountain by Mussorgsky (Romantic)
	voices with increasing accuracy,	understand treble clef staff notation,	differences in dynamics, pitch and tempo	- Jai Ho from Slumdog Millionaire by AR Rahman (21st Century)
	fluency, control and expression	focusing on rhythm and melody	through composition	- I Got You (I Feel Good) by James Brown (Funk)
>	(eg) West End; Broadway; Disney	(eg) play simple songs	(eg) use stripsody to map out an exciting	- Le Freak by Chic (disco)
			event such as a walk through the jungle or	- Sahela Re by Kishori Amonkar (Indian Classical from India)
			a pirate attack	

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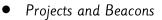
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	Pop Music Project	Violin Project	Instrument Project	- Symphony No 5 by Beethoven (Classical)
	Provide opportunity for pupils to <b>use</b>	Provide opportunity for pupils to <b>use and</b>	Provide opportunity for pupils to use staff	- O Euchari by Hildegard (Early)
Year 4	voices with increasing accuracy,	understand treble clef staff notation,	notation to compose music for an	- For the Beauty of the Earth by Rutter (20 <sup>th</sup> Century)
	fluency, control and expression	focusing on duration	instrument of their choice	- Take the A train by Billy Strayhorn/Duke Ellington Orchestra
	(eg) Pop over the decades — Abba/ Spice	(eg) play simple songs	(eg) Compose a simple melody for a tuned	(Jazz)
>	Girls/ One Direction/ Ed Sheeran; Pop		instrument	- Wonderwall by Oasis (90s Indie)
	around the world — Japanese/ German/			-Bhabiye Akh Larr Gayee by Bhujhangy Group (Bhangra from
	British/ American/ Latin			Punjab/UK)
				- Tropical Bird by Trinidad Steel Band (Calypso from Trinidad)
	Rhythm and Blues Project	Ukulele Project	Music Technology Project	- English Folk Song Suite by Vaughan Williams (20 <sup>th</sup> Century)
	Provide opportunity for pupils to <b>use</b>	Provide opportunity for pupils to <b>use and</b>	Provide opportunity for pupils to use	- Symphonic Variations on an African Air by Coleridge Taylor (20th
ır 5	voices with increasing accuracy,	understand chords and use of timbre	musical software to compose with a	Century)
	fluency, control and expression	(eg) play songs with simple chords	focus on structure and texture	- This Little Babe from Ceremony of Carols by Britten (20 <sup>th</sup> Century)
	(eg) Origins of RnB; Changes over Time;		(eg) Create their own dance music	- Play Dead by Bjork (90s singer/songwriter)
Yea	Inspirational Figures; Geographical Focus			- Smalltown Boy by Bronski Beat (80s Synth/Pop)
				- Jin-Go-La-Ba (Drums of Passion) by Babatunde Olatunji
				(Drumming from Nigeria)
				- Ikanyezie Nezazi by Ladysmith Black Mambazo (Choral from South
				Africa)
	Rap and Beatbox Project	DJ Project	Composition Project	- 1812 Overture by Tchaikovsky (Romantic)
	Provide opportunity for pupils to <b>use</b>	Provide opportunity for pupils to <b>use</b>	Provide opportunity for pupils to compose	- Connect It by Anna Meredith (21st Century)
Year 6	voices with increasing accuracy,	synthesized sounds to produce a piece of	with a focus on the inter-related	- Say My Name by Destiny's Child (90s RnB)
	fluency, control and expression	music, with a focus on structure and	dimensions of music (pitch, duration,	- Sprinting Gazelle by Reem Kelani (Folk from the Middle East)
<b>&gt;</b>	(eg) Origins; Differences in Styles;	timbre	dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture,	- Sea Shanties (Folk from England)
	Inspirational Figures	(eg) GarageBand; EJay; link to secondary	structure, musical notation)	-Mazurkas Op.24 by Chopin (Folk from Poland)
		school resources	(eg) Write their own song	- Libertango by Piazolla (Tango from Argentina)

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## Singing Coverage

Songs recommended in the model national curriculum for music. All these songs are available through our fluency slides and should be incorporated into music planning and whole school assemblies.

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Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Sing for Pleasure:	• Little Sally Saucer	• Sing Up: Heads and	• Junior Voiceworks 1:	• Trad. Ireland: Danny	• Trad. South Africa:
Boom Chicka Boom	• Trad. Star Light, Star Bright, First	Shoulders	Calypso	Воу	Siyahamba
Voices Foundation: Have	Star I See Tonight	• Singing Sherlock 2: Si, Si, Si	• Junior Voiceworks 2: Our	• Kodály: Rocky	• Junior Voiceworks 1:
you Brought your Whispering	• Trad. Hey, Hey, Look at Me	• Flying a Round: To stop the	Dustbin	Mountain	Calypso
Voice?	• Trad. Rain, Rain Go Away	train	• Voiceworks 1: Hear the	• Kodály: My Paddle	• Sing Up: Touch the
Voices Foundation: Hello,	• Trad. Acka Backa	• Trad. Japan: Kaeru no uta	Wind	• High Low Chickalo	Sky
How are You	• Voicelinks: The King is in the Castle	• Trad. Morocco: A ram sam	• Kendrick: Servant King	• Ally Ally O	• Sing Up: Dona Nobis
Bance: Copy Kitten	Young Voiceworks: Ebeneezer Sneezer	sam/Pease Pudding Hot	<ul> <li>Happy Birthday</li> </ul>	• Trad. Caribbean: Four	Pacem
• Voicelinks: I'm a Train	• Trad. Oats and Beans and Barley	• Trad. Bangladesh: Now	• Great Weather Songs:	White Horses	• Sing Up: We are the
Bounce High, Bounce Low	Grow	charia de (A Boatman's Song)	Long Journey	• Trad. Uganda: Dipidu	Champions
• Singing Sherlock: <i>Dr</i>	• Singing Sherlock 1: Teddy Bear Rock	• Junior Songscape: Listen to	• Great Celebration Songs:	• Are You Ready?	<ul> <li>British National</li> </ul>
Knickerbocker	n Roll	the Rain	World in Union	• Row, Row, Row your	Anthem – God Save the
Dragon Dance	• Trad. Oliver Cromwell	• Voicelinks: Extreme Weather	• Sing Up: Just like a	Boat	Queen
• Trad. Bangladesh: Mo	• Trad. Lovely Joan	• Sing Up: Skye Boat Song	Roman		<ul><li>Sing Up: We Go</li></ul>
matchi (Song of the Bees)	• Trad. Searching for Lambs	• Trad. Ireland: Be Thou My	• Trad. Ghana: Namuma		Together
• Trad. Ghana: Kye Kye Kule	<ul> <li>Voicelinks: Fireworks</li> </ul>	Vision	• Sing for Pleasure: Ghosts		• Trad. Ghana: Senwa
• Trad. England: An Acre of	• Trad. Bangladesh: Hatti – ma tim tim	• Junior Voiceworks 1: Now	• Sing for Pleasure: Lost in		de Dende
Land	(An Imaginary Bird)	The Sun Is Shining	Space		• Sing Up: Be the
	• Trad. Bangladesh: Charti Kula beng	• Voiceworks 1: Candle Light			Change
	(Four Fat Frogs)	• Singing Sherlock 2: Shadow			• Sing Up: One Moment,
	• Trad. Australia: I Got Kicked by a	• Singing Express 3: Mirror			One People
	Kangaroo	• Trad. England: Ah! Poor			• Sing Up: There's a
	• Trad. America: Built My Lady a Fine	bird/Hey, Ho! Nobody			Power in the Music
	Brick House	home/Rose			
	• Sing Up: Paintbox				

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	Key Skills and Knowledge			
	Beacon 1	Beacon 2	Beacon 3	
	<ul> <li>Recognising familiar nursery rhymes and traditional songs</li> </ul>	Describing different genres of music	<ul> <li>Exploring changes in different genres of music over time</li> </ul>	
	Understand the following key vocabulary:	Understand the following key vocabulary:	Understand the following key vocabulary:	
Knowledge	Expression: Sing with feeling.  Percussive: Using the voice in a rhythmic manner.  Pitch: how high or low a sound is.  Dynamics: The softness or loudness of a sound.  Tempo: The speed of the music.  Beat: The regular rhythmic pattern of music. Time is counted in music by using beats.  Rest: The musical symbol indicating silence/pause.	Melody: Notes that are played one after the other to make a tune.  Rhythm: The pattern of musical movement.  Fluency: Singing with flow.  Control: The ability to perform phrases without pausing.  Duration: The length of time a note is sounded.  Staff: The lines of the score that the notes are written on to.  Treble clef: The top set of lines (staff) in a piece of music, shown by a fancy letter G.  Musical Notation:  Crotchet – 1 beat note  Quaver – ½ beat note  Minim – 2 beat note  Semi-breve – 4 beat note	Accuracy: Hit notes at the right pitch for the correct length of time.  Chord: When three or more notes are played at the same time.  Synthesised: Music produced electronically.  Music Technology — using electronic software to produce music.  Structure: The different sections of a piece of music pieced together.  Timbre: The quality or colour of sound that makes one voice or instrument different from another.  Texture: How layers of sound within a piece of music interact.  Musical Notation:  — Crotchet rest — rest for 1 beat  — Quaver rest — rest for ½ a beat  — Minim rest — rest for 2 beats  — Semi-quaver — ¼ beat	
Skills	<ul> <li>Listen with concentration</li> <li>Use our voices expressively</li> <li>Play simple rhythms</li> <li>Explore musical notation using graphics</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use appropriate musical terminology to describe music</li> <li>Use our voices to perform as part of an ensemble</li> <li>Read simple notation to perform</li> <li>Compose a simple score</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explore details within the music using appropriate musical terminology</li> <li>Use our voices to perform in a variety of contexts</li> <li>Read a wide range of musical notation to perform</li> <li>Compose using a range of musical structures</li> </ul>	